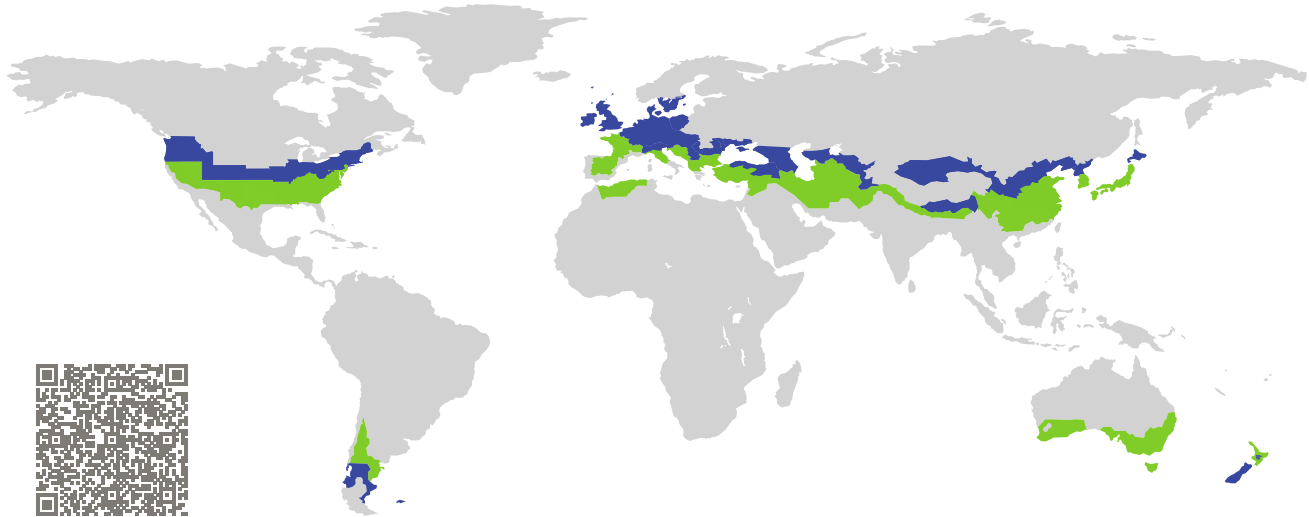


# CERTIFICATE

Certified Passive House Component

Component-ID 0329vs03 valid until 31st December 2020

Passive House Institute  
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Category: **Air handling unit with heat recovery**  
Manufacturer: **Zehnder Group Zwolle B.V.**  
**Netherlands**  
Product name: **ComfoAir550, ComfoD550, WHR960**

Specification: Airflow rate <math>< 600 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}</math>  
Heat exchanger: Recuperative

**This certificate was awarded based on the product meeting the following main criteria**

Heat recovery rate  $\eta_{HR} \geq 75\%$   
Specific electric power  $P_{el,spec} \leq 0.45 \text{ Wh/m}^3$   
Leakage  $< 3\%$   
Comfort Supply air temperature  $\geq 16.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  at outdoor air temperature of  $-10 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Airflow range
110–308 m <sup>3</sup> /h
Heat recovery rate
$\eta_{HR} = 84\%$
Specific electric power
$P_{el,spec} = 0.31 \text{ Wh/m}^3$

cool, temperate climate



**CERTIFIED COMPONENT**

Passive House Institute

### Passive House comfort criterion

A minimum supply air temperature of 16.5 °C is maintained at an outdoor air temperature of -10 °C.

### Efficiency criterion (heat recovery rate)

The effective heat recovery rate is measured at a test facility using balanced mass flows of the outdoor and exhaust air. The boundary conditions for the measurement are documented in the testing procedure.

$$\eta_{HR} = \frac{(\theta_{ETA} - \theta_{EHA}) + \frac{P_{el}}{\dot{m} \cdot c_p}}{(\theta_{ETA} - \theta_{ODA})}$$

With

- $\eta_{HR}$  Heat recovery rate in %
- $\theta_{ETA}$  Extract air temperature in °C
- $\theta_{EHA}$  Exhaust air temperature in °C
- $\theta_{ODA}$  Outdoor air temperature in °C
- $P_{el}$  Electric power in W
- $\dot{m}$  Mass flow in kg/h
- $c_p$  Specific heat capacity in Wh/(kg K)

#### Heat recovery rate

$$\eta_{HR} = 84 \%$$

### Efficiency criterion (electric power)

The overall electrical power consumption of the device is measured at the test facility at an external pressure of 100 Pa (50 Pa, respectively, for the intake and outlet). This includes the general electrical power consumption for operation and control but not for frost protection.

#### Specific electric power

$$P_{el,spec} = 0.31 \text{ Wh/m}^3$$

### Efficiency ratio

The efficiency ratio provides information about the overall energy performance of the respective ventilation unit. It specifies the achieved reduction in ventilation heat losses by using a ventilation unit with heat recovery rather than without.

#### Efficiency ratio

$$\epsilon_L = 0.64$$

## Leakage

The leakage airflow must not exceed 3 % of the average airflow of the unit's operating range.

Internal leakage	External leakage
1.02 %	0.61 %

## Settings and airflow balance

It must be possible to adjust the balance of airflows at the unit itself (either between the exhaust and the outdoor airflows or between the supply and the extract airflows, if the unit is respectively placed inside or outside of the insulated thermal envelope of the building).

- This unit is certified for airflow rates of 110–308 m<sup>3</sup>/h.
- Balancing the airflow rates of the unit is possible.
- The user should have at least all the following setting options:
  - ✓ Switching the system on and off.
  - ✓ Synchronized adjustment of the supply and extract airflows to basic ventilation (70–80 %), standard ventilation (100 %) and increased ventilation (130 %) with a clear indication of the current setting.
- The device has a standby power consumption of 1.60 W. The target value of 1 W was exceeded. The device should be equipped with an additional external switch so that it can be disconnected from the mains, if required.
- After a power failure, the device will automatically resume operation.

## Acoustical testing

The required limit for the sound power level of the device is 35 dB(A) in order to limit the sound pressure level in the installation room. The sound level target value of less than 25 dB(A) in living spaces and less than 30 dB(A) in functional spaces must be ensured by installing commercial silencers. The following sound power levels are met at an airflow rate of 442 m<sup>3</sup>/h:

Device	Duct			
	Outdoor	Supply air	Extract air	Exhaust air
48.1 dB(A)	44.8 dB(A)	47.6 dB(A)	48.2 dB(A)	47.6 dB(A)

- The unit does not fulfil the requirements for the sound power level. The unit must therefore be installed acoustically separated from living areas.
- One example of suitable silencers for supply and extract air ducts is mentioned in the detailed test report or can be obtained from the manufacturer. It is recommended to identify suitable silencers for each individual project.

## Indoor air quality

This unit is to be equipped with the following filter qualities:

Outdoor air filter	Extract air filter
ISO ePM1 50%	ISO Coarse 60%

On the outdoor air side, the filter efficiency of ISO ePM1 50% (F7 according to EN 779) or better is recommended. For the extract air side, a filter efficiency of at least ISO Coarse 60% (G4 according to EN 779) is recommended. If not in standard configuration, the recommended filter is available as an accessory part.

### **Frost protection**

Appropriate measures should be taken to prevent the heat exchanger and optional downstream hydraulic heater coil from getting damaged by frost during extreme winter temperatures ( $-15^{\circ}\text{C}$ ). It must be ensured that the unit's ventilation performance is not affected during frost protection cycles.

- Frost protection of the heat exchanger:
  - ✓ A preheater coil with an electrical power output of about 1000 W (1200 W at 400 V electric supply) is preinstalled in the device. The additional internal frost protection (imbalance by reducing the outdoor air flow rate) is not suitable for passive houses. In order to guaranty all functions of the units at the upper air flow rate even at outdoor airtemperatures of  $-15^{\circ}\text{C}$ , the manufacturer recommends the installation of either a ground heat exchanger or the additional preheater coil "iso-Defrosterheizung" with a max. power of about 2000 W.
- Frost protection of downstream hydraulic heater coils:
  - ✓ In order to protect a downstream hydraulic heater coil in the supply air duct from freezing the unit is switched off as soon as the supply air temperature drops below  $5^{\circ}\text{C}$ .